

These are the *Mathematica* solutions for the paper:

“Permutation-type solutions to the Yang-Baxter and other n-simplex equations” by J. Hietarinta.

computations by Dara O Shayda

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In[1]:= **<< Notation`**

This formulation is incomprehensible and I guessed how it works:

In order to write the n -simplex equations in terms of A and B let us further define (in analogue with (2))

$$(A_{K_1 \dots K_n})_i^j = \begin{cases} A_\alpha^\beta, & \text{if } i = K_\alpha, j = K_\beta \text{ for some } \alpha, \beta, \\ \delta_i^j, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases} \quad (11)$$

$$(B_{K_1 \dots K_n})_i = \begin{cases} B_i, & \text{if } i = K_\alpha, \text{ for some } \alpha, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases} \quad (12)$$

so that

$$(R_{K_1 \dots K_n})_{i_1 \dots i_N}^{j_1 \dots j_N} = \prod_{\mu=1}^N \delta_{(A_{K_1 \dots K_n})_\mu^{\nu} i_\nu + (B_{K_1 \dots K_n})_\mu}^{j_\mu}, \quad (13)$$

where now the ν summation runs from 1 to N .

```
In[2]:= Notation[ Ri_,j_ \[Longrightarrow] makeA[A, {i_, j_}, 3] ]
Notation[ Ri_,j_,k_ \[Longrightarrow] makeA[A, {i_, j_, k_}, 6] ]
Notation[ Ri_,j_,k_,h_ \[Longrightarrow] makeA[A, {i_, j_, k_, h_}, 10] ]

makeMatrix[dim_, a_] := Array[Subscript[a, #1, #2] &, dim]

(* makeA generates the A matrices in Hietarinta paper *)

makeA[A_, list_, n_] := Module[{res, i, j, k},
  res = ConstantArray[-1, {n, n}];

  Table[If[MemberQ[list, i] != True, res[[i]][[j]] = KroneckerDelta[i, j];
    res[[j]][[i]] = KroneckerDelta[j, i]], {i, 1, n}, {j, 1, n}];

  Table[k = 1; Table[
    If[res[[list[[i]]]][[j]] == -1, res[[list[[i]]]][[j]] = A[[i]][[k]]; k = k + 1];
    {j, 1, n}], {i, 1, Length[list]}];
  res
]

]
```

3-Simplex

```
In[7]:= 
A = makeMatrix[{3, 3}, a];
A // MatrixForm

Out[8]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & a_{1,3} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & a_{2,3} \\ a_{3,1} & a_{3,2} & a_{3,3} \end{pmatrix}$$

```

Rename the entries to match the paper:

```
In[9]:= 
A = A /.
  {a1,1 \[Rule] a, a1,2 \[Rule] b, a1,3 \[Rule] c, a2,1 \[Rule] x, a2,2 \[Rule] y, a2,3 \[Rule] z, a3,1 \[Rule] u, a3,2 \[Rule] v, a3,3 \[Rule] w};
A // MatrixForm

Out[10]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ x & y & z \\ u & v & w \end{pmatrix}$$

```

Make the R matrices for 3-implex:

In[11]:= **R_{1,2,3}** // MatrixForm

Out[11]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ x & y & z & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ u & v & w & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[12]:=

R_{1,4,5} // MatrixForm

Out[12]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 & b & c & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ x & 0 & 0 & y & z & 0 \\ u & 0 & 0 & v & w & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[13]:=

R_{2,4,6} // MatrixForm

Out[13]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 0 & b & 0 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & x & 0 & y & 0 & z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & u & 0 & v & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}$$

In[14]:=

R_{3,5,6} // MatrixForm

Out[14]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a & 0 & b & c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & x & 0 & y & z \\ 0 & 0 & u & 0 & v & w \end{pmatrix}$$

In order to solve the tetrahedron equation under the present ansatz we first consider the homogeneous part. The equation to solve is just like (4) with \mathcal{R} replaced with A . When the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ x & y & z \\ u & v & w \end{bmatrix}$$

is inserted into the 6×6 matrix $\tilde{A}_{K_1 K_2 K_3}$ the six different ways indicated in (4) and we compute the corresponding matrix product we find 29 equations:

$$\begin{aligned} abx &= 0, bxy = 0, vyz = 0, vwz = 0, \\ bx(b - x) &= 0, vz(v - z) = 0, y(bu - cv) = 0, y(-cx + uz) = 0, \\ b(ay + b - 1) &= 0, x(ay + x - 1) = 0, z(wy + z - 1) = 0, v(wy + v - 1) = 0, \\ abuz + acx + bcu &= 0, bvzx + cvy + cxy = 0, buwz + cuz + cvw = 0, \\ abu + acvx + cux &= 0, buy + bvzx + uyz = 0, cuv + cvwx + uwz = 0, \\ abwz +acz + bcw + c^2 &= 0, auv + avwx + u^2 + uwx = 0, \\ buvz + cuy + cv^2 - cvz &= 0, buzx - bcx + cuy + cx^2 = 0, \\ -b^2u - bcvx + bux - cuy &= 0, -cuy - cvxz + uvz - uz^2 = 0, \\ bwzx + cwy + cxz + cz - c &= 0, abvz + acy + bcv + bc - c = 0, \\ -auy - avxz - uxz - ux + u &= 0, -buu - bvwx - uv - uwy + u = 0, \\ -bcu + bu^2z - c^2vx + cuv + cux - cuz &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

By just considering the first four equations the problem can be split into 9 different cases, and each one of them can then be solved rather easily. After eliminating those solutions that reduce to 2-simplex solutions and those with noninvertible A we find 3 basic solutions from which others are obtained by the allowed transformations. These solutions and their nonhomogeneous additions will be discussed below.

10

In[16]:=

```
eqs = (R1,2,3.R1,4,5.R2,4,6.R3,5,6 - R3,5,6.R2,4,6.R1,4,5.R1,2,3);  
(R1,2,3.R1,4,5.R2,4,6.R3,5,6 - R3,5,6.R2,4,6.R1,4,5.R1,2,3) // MatrixForm
```

Out[17]/MatrixForm=

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & a b x & a c x + u (b c + a b z) \\ -a b x & -b^2 x + b x^2 & -b c x + c x^2 + u (c y + b x z) \\ -c u x - a (b u + c v x) & b u x - b (b u + c v x) - c u y & c u x - c (b u + c v x) - c u z + u (c v + b x z) \\ x - x^2 - a x y & -b x y & -c x y + u y z \\ u - u x - u x z - a (u y + v x z) & -u y z - b (u y + v x z) & u v z - u z^2 - c (u y + v x z) \\ -u^2 - u w x - a (u v + v w x) & u - u v - b (u v + v w x) - u w y & -c (u v + v w x) - u w z \end{array} \right)$$

We get exactly the same equations.

Solve these simultaneous system of equations, ' \rightarrow ' means substitute for solution:

Make a list of the polynomials from the R equations:

```
In[21]:= eqs = DeleteDuplicates[DeleteCases[Flatten[eqs], _Integer]]
```

```
Out[21]= {a b x, a c x + u (b c + a b z), -b + b^2 + a b y, -c + b c + a c y + v (b c + a b z),  
c^2 + a c z + w (b c + a b z), -a b x, -b^2 x + b x^2, -b c x + c x^2 + u (c y + b x z), b x y,  
c x y + v (c y + b x z), -c + c z + c x z + w (c y + b x z), -c u x - a (b u + c v x),  
b u x - b (b u + c v x) - c u y, c u x - c (b u + c v x) - c u z + u (c v + b u z), b u y - c v y,  
c u y - c v z + v (c v + b u z), c u z + w (c v + b u z), x - x^2 - a x y, -b x y, -c x y + u y z,  
v y z, -z + w y z + z^2, u - u x - u x z - a (u y + v x z), -u y z - b (u y + v x z),  
u v z - u z^2 - c (u y + v x z), -v y z, v^2 z - v z^2, v w z, -u^2 - u w x - a (u v + v w x),  
u - u v - b (u v + v w x) - u w y, -c (u v + v w x) - u w z, v - v^2 - v w y, -v w z}
```

Find the Groebner basis, this set has the same gb roots as eqs:

```
In[32]:= gb = GroebnerBasis[eqs, {a, b, c, x, y, z, u, v, w}]
```

```
Out[32]= {v w z, -v z + v^2 z, u w z, -u z + u v z, -v z + v z^2, -u z + u z^2, -v + v^2 + v w y, -u + u v + u w y,  
-z + w y z + z^2, v y z, u y z, -u z + u x z, -u v - u x + 2 u v x - v w x + v w x^2 - u^2 y,  
v x - v^2 x - v x^2 + v^2 x^2 + u v y + u x y - 2 u v x y + u^2 y^2, -v x z + v x^2 z, c v w,  
-c v + c v^2, c u, -c v + c v z, -c + c w y + c z, c v y, c v x, -c x + c x z, c x y,  
-c x + c x^2, c^2 x + c w x, -b u + b u v, b u^2 + b u w, b u z, b u y, b u + b v w x,  
-b v x + b v^2 x, -b u + b u x, c x + b w x z, b v x z, -b x z + b x z^2, b x y, -b x + b x^2,  
-c v + b c v, -c x + b c x, -b u + b^2 u, -b c - c^2 y - c z + 2 b c z - b w z + b^2 w z,  
-b v z + b^2 v z, b c y + c^2 y^2 + b z - b^2 z + c y z - 2 b c y z - b z^2 + b^2 z^2, -b x + b^2 x,  
-a u + a u v + u w - u w x, a u z + u^2 z, -u + u x + a u y, a u + u^2 - u w + 2 u w x + a v w x,  
-u v - u x - a v x + 2 u v x + a v^2 x - u^2 y, a u^2 + u^3 - u^2 w + a u w x + 2 u^2 w x - u w^2 x + u w^2 x^2,  
u z + a v x z, -a x z + w x z - w x^2 z + a x z^2, -x + x^2 + a x y, a c v + c^2 v,  
-a c + c w - b c w + a c z, -c + b c + a c y, a c x, -a b v + a b v^2 + b v w - b^2 v w, a b u,  
a c + c^2 - c w + 2 b c w + a b w z, c v + a b v z, -b c - c^2 y - a b z - c z + 2 b c z + a b z^2,  
-b + b^2 + a b y, a b x, a c^2 + c^3 + a b c w - c^2 w + 2 b c^2 w - b c w^2 + b^2 c w^2}
```

Seems the same i.e. same difficulties to solve.

Use Groebner basis to eliminate some vars:

```
In[34]:= (* did not work *)
gbasis = GroebnerBasis[eqs, {a, b, c}, {x, y, z, u, v, w}]
```

```
Out[34]= {}
```

Works this time and we have much fewer equations by elimination:

```
In[37]:= gbasis = GroebnerBasis[eqs, {a, b, c, x}, {y, z, u, v, w}]
```

```
Out[37]= {-c x + c x^2, -b x + b x^2, -c x + b c x, -b x + b^2 x, a c x, a b x}
```

Solve for 0s:

```
In[39]:= Solve[gbasis == 0, {a, b, c, x}]
Out[39]= {{x → 0}, {b → 0, c → 0}, {a → 0, b → 1, x → 1}}
```

Now we can classify:

Case : $\{x \rightarrow 0\}$

```
In[53]:= sol = Solve[DeleteDuplicates[DeleteCases[Simplify[eqs /. {x → 0}], _Integer]] == 0,
{a, b, c, y, z, u, v, w}];
```

In[54]:=

```
Table[(A /. {x → 0}) /. sol[[i]] // MatrixForm, {i, 1, Length[sol]}]
```

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-v}{w} & 0 \\ 0 & v & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-z}{w} & z \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-b}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-v}{w} & 0 \\ 0 & v & w \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-b}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & v & \frac{a(-1+v)}{-1+b} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{c}{z} & b & c \\ 0 & \frac{(-1+b)z}{c} & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{c-cz}{(-1+b)z} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{c-bc}{b(-1+z)} & b & c \\ 0 & \frac{b(-1+z)}{c} & z \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{c}{b} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{w}{-1+v} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-v}{w} & 0 \\ 0 & v & w \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{u}{v} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{v}{u} & 0 \\ u & v & \frac{u(-1+v)}{v} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-z}{w} & z \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{w}{-1+z} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-z}{w} & z \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & y & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-z}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{w} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-b}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1-b}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{a}{-1+b} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1-b}{y} & b & 0 \\ 0 & y & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1-b}{y} & b & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{u}{v} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{v}{u} & 0 \\ u & v & \frac{u(-1+v)}{v} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & v & \frac{1-v}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{c}{z} & 0 & c \\ 0 & -\frac{z}{c} & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{c(-1+z)}{z} \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -c \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -c \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -c & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{y} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{y} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{y} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -c & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

Case : {b → 0, c → 0}

In[55]:= sol =

```
Solve[DeleteDuplicates[DeleteCases[Simplify[eqs /. {b → 0, c → 0}], _Integer]] == 0,
{a, x, y, z, u, v, w}];
```

```
In[56]:= Table[(A /. {b -> 0, c -> 0}) /. sol[[i]] // MatrixForm, {i, 1, Length[sol]}]

Out[56]= { \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-a+az}{-1+x} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-z}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-z}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & v & \frac{1-v}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & 0 \\ u & -\frac{u}{a} & \frac{-a-u}{-1+x} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & 0 \\ u & \frac{u+ax-ux}{ax} & -\frac{u}{x} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & y & z \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-z}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & y & 0 \\ 0 & v & \frac{1-v}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ x & \frac{1-x}{a} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & v & \frac{1-v}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{a} & z \\ 0 & 0 & a-az \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{y} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & v & a-av \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & u & \frac{1}{a} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & y & 0 \\ u & 1+uy & -u \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -a & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} }
```

Case : {a → 0, b → 1, x → 1}

```
In[57]:= sol = Solve[
  DeleteDuplicates[DeleteCases[Simplify[eqs /. {a -> 0, b -> 1, x -> 1}], _Integer]] == 0,
  {c, y, z, u, v, w}];

In[58]:= Table[(A /. {a -> 0, b -> 1, x -> 1}) /. sol[[i]] // MatrixForm, {i, 1, Length[sol]}]

Out[58]= { \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ u & 1 & -u \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & c \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -c \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} }
```